

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA  
FLORENCE DIVISION

Samuel Travis Wiggins,	)	
	)	
Petitioner,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	Civil Action No.: 1:11-cv-701-TLW-SVH
	)	
Michelle Whitlock; South Carolina	)	
Probation, Parole and Pardon Services,	)	
Lexington, SC Director,	)	
	)	
Respondents.	)	
_____	)	

**ORDER**

The petitioner, Samuel Travis Wiggins (“petitioner”), proceeding pro se, brought this civil action, which has been construed as a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. (Doc. #1).

This matter now comes before this Court for review of the Report and Recommendation (“the Report”) filed by United States Magistrate Judge Shiva V. Hodges to whom this case had previously been assigned. (Doc. # 14). In the Report, the Magistrate Judge recommends that the District Court dismiss this case without prejudice and without issuance and service of process. (Doc. # 14). The petitioner filed objections to the Report.<sup>1</sup> (Doc. # 16). In conducting this review, the Court applies the following standard:

The magistrate judge makes only a recommendation to the Court, to which any party may file written objections . . . . The Court is not bound by the recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination. The Court is required to make a de novo determination of those portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an objection is made. However,

---

<sup>1</sup> In his objections to the Report, the petitioner requests that the Court reserve his right to pursue this lawsuit in the future after he exhausts his state legal and administrative remedies. (Doc. # 16).

the Court is not required to review, under a de novo or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which no objections are addressed. While the level of scrutiny entailed by the Court's review of the Report thus depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, the Court is free, after review, to accept, reject, or modify any of the magistrate judge's findings or recommendations.

Wallace v. Housing Auth. of the City of Columbia, 791 F. Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citations omitted).

In light of the standard set forth in Wallace, the Court has reviewed, de novo, the Report and the objections. After careful review of the Report and objections thereto, the Court **ACCEPTS** the Report. (Doc. # 14). Therefore, for the reasons articulated by the Magistrate Judge, this case is **DISMISSED** without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.

The Court has reviewed this petition in accordance with Rule 11 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Proceedings. The Court concludes that it is not appropriate to issue a certificate of appealability as to the issues raised herein. The petitioner is advised that he may seek a certificate from the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals under Rule 22 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

s/Terry L. Wooten  
United States District Judge

July 8, 2011  
Florence, South Carolina